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What is Bohring-Opitz Syndrome?

Bohring-Opitz Syndrome (BOS) is a life limiting rare genetic condition with a high infant mortality.

less than **60** children worldwide presented in medical studies

Clinical diagnostic

BOS-posture
distinctive facial features
trigonocephaly and microcephaly
birthmark on forehead
cleft lip/palate
prominent eyes
hypotonia
brain abnormalities
and more ...

1999 discovered first by Axel Bohring

2011 heterogeneity one **cause** is found by Alexander Hoischen

novo mutation in **ASXL1** gene

Chromosome 20

p-arm

ASXL1

q-arm

2015 first study clinical management by Bianca Russell

Heredity

BOS occurs mostly sporadic autosomal recessive inheritance has also been reported

Symptoms

different in expression and seriousness
failure to thrive
severe feeding issues
recurrent respiratory infections
myopia
seizures
Wilms tumor
severe disability
and more ...

What to expect?

Children with BOS are **interactive, curious and happy**

They need **intensive and special care** good **communication** for optimal **development** and living **conditions**



as well as further **research** and international **standard of care**

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Please feel free to visit bohring-opitz.org for further information • Bohring-Opitz Syndrome Awareness Day April 6th

Source: Russell, B. et al. 2015: Clinical management of patients with ASXL1 mutations and Bohring-Opitz syndrome, emphasizing the need for Wilms tumor surveillance. Am J Med Genet Part A 9999A:1-10. Hoischen, A. et al. 2011: De novo nonsense mutations in ASXL1 cause Bohring-Opitz syndrome, Nature Genet. 43: 729-731. OMIM <http://www.omim.org/entry/605039>

